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| Book No  3. | Q.No  1. | Actual Answer  D. | Question  Which one of the following statements about Chandragupta II is not correct? (NDA 2009) |
| Choices   1. Kalidas and Amarsingh were famous scholars in his court 2. He expanded his empire both through matrimonial alliance and conquests 3. He married a Naga princess, named Kubera Naga 4. He married his daughter Prabhawati to an Ahom prince | | | |

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| Book No  106. | Q.No  2. | Actual Answer  B. | Question  Pulkasin II defeated Harshavardhan on the bank of the river |
| Choices   1. Godavari 2. Narmada 3. Tapti 4. Mahandi | | | |

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| Book No  5. | Q.No  3. | Actual Answer  A. | Question  In which one of the following are Samudragupta’s achivements mentioned? (CDS 2007) |
| Choices   1. Allahabad Pillar Inscription 2. Junagadh Rock Inscription 3. Mehrauli Iron Pillar Inscription 4. Hathigumpha Edict | | | |

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| Book No  6. | Q.No  4. | Actual Answer  D. | Question  Who among the following scholars were contemporary of Kanishka?  1. Ashvaghosa  2. Nagarjuna  3. Vasumitra  4. Chanakya  Select the correct answer using the codes given below (CDS 2012) |
| Choices   1. 1 and 2 2. 3 and 4 3. 2 and 4 4. 1, 2 and 3 | | | |

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| Book No  7. | Q.No  5. | Actual Answer  D. | Question  Ibn Batuta’s work, Rihla completed in 1355, is (IBPS PO 2012) |
| Choices   1. an autobiography 2. an account of the Delhi sultans from Aibek to Ghiyas-ud-din Tughlaq 3. a religious text 4. an account of trade with Morocco | | | |

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| Book No  8. | Q.No  6. | Actual Answer  C. | Question  The first major inscription in classical Sanskrit is that of (CDS 2005) |
| Choices   1. Chandragupta Vikramaditya 2. Kanishka I 3. Rudradaman 4. Samudragupta | | | |

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| Book No  9. | Q.No  7. | Actual Answer  A. | Question  In the Gupta age, Varahamihira wrote the famous book, Brihat Samhita. It was a treatise on (IBPS PO 2012) |
| Choices   1. astronomy 2. statecraft 3. ayurvedic system of medicine 4. economics | | | |

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| Book No  10. | Q.No  8. | Actual Answer  C. | Question  Fahien’s mission to India was to (CDS 2009) |
| Choices   1. learn about the administrative system of the Gupta kings 2. understand the social position of women during the Gupta period 3. visit the Buddhist institutions and collect copies of Buddist manuscripts 4. get full knowledge about the condition of peasants during the period of Gupta kings | | | |

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| Book No  11. | Q.No  9. | Actual Answer  D. | Question  Which one of the following persons was not one of the nine jewels of Chandragupta II’s court? |
| Choices   1. Virasena Shaba 2. Acharya Dignaga 3. Varahamihira 4. Charaka | | | |

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| Book No  52. | Q.No  10. | Actual Answer  C. | Question  Which one of the following is not a Gupta innovation in the field of administration? |
| Choices   1. The office of Sandhivigraha 2. Beginning of the process of the devolution of authority 3. Introduction of the office of Pilupati, the commander of elephants 4. The first systematic provincial and local administration | | | |

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| Book No  53. | Q.No  11. | Actual Answer  B. | Question  Consider the following Greek Philosophers  1. Aristotle  2. Plato  3. Pythagoras  4. Socrates  Which one of the following is the correct chronological order of the Greek Philosophers given above? (CDS 2007) |
| Choices   1. 1, 2, 3, 4 2. 3, 4, 2, 1 3. 4, 3, 1, 2 4. 2, 3, 1, 4 | | | |

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| Book No  54. | Q.No  12. | Actual Answer  A. | Question  Which one of the following is the correct sequence of administrative divisions during the Gupta period? |
| Choices   1. Bhukti → Vishaya → Vithi → Grama 2. Vishaya → Bhukti → Vithi → Grama 3. Vithi → Bhukti → Vishaya → Grama | | | |

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| Book No  55. | Q.No  13. | Actual Answer  C. | Question  Which one of the following is not a difference between the Mauryan imperial system and the Gupta imperial system? |
| Choices   1. The Mauryan kings took modest titles whereas the Gupta kings took mega eloquent and pompous titles 2. The royal power was more circumscribed in Gupta times than in Mauryan times 3. In Mauryan system the officers tented to become hereditary whereas in Gupta system the official were recruited only for one man’s lifetime 4. In Mauryan system the Bureaucracy was very large whereas there was a reduction in the number of the bureaucratic staff during the Gupta rule | | | |

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| Book No  56. | Q.No  14. | Actual Answer  A. | Question  Who translated the collection of South Indian tales into Sanskrit and titled the work as Kathasaritsagara? (HP PSC 2012) |
| Choices   1. Somdev 2. Kalhana 3. Jaideva 4. Shankaracharya | | | |

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| Book No  57. | Q.No  15. | Actual Answer  D. | Question  Which one of the following personalities is not associated with the repair of Sudarshan lake during Gupta period? |
| Choices   1. Skandgupta 2. Parnadatta 3. Chakrapalita 4. Nandana | | | |

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| Book No  107. | Q.No  16. | Actual Answer  B. | Question  The contemporaries of Pallavas were  1. The Gangas  2. The Kadambas  3. The Chalukyas  4. The Satvahanas  Select the correct answer using the codes given below |
| Choices   1. 1 and 4 2. 1, 2 and 3 3. 2, 3 and 4 4. 2 and 4 | | | |

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| Book No  59. | Q.No  17. | Actual Answer  C. | Question  Who among the following Chinese travelers visited the Kingdoms of Harshavardhana and Kumar Bhaskar Varma? (CDS 2012) |
| Choices   1. A I – Tsing 2. Fa – Hien 3. Hiuen Tsang 4. Sun Shuyun | | | |

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| Book No  60. | Q.No  18. | Actual Answer  C. | Question  Statement I Sculptures of the Gandhara School stylistically are typically linked to the Greco-Roman and the Parthian art of Iran.  Statements II The earliest stone Buddha images in the Swat valley pre-dated the Kushana period, which suggests that certain iconographic conventions were already well-established in the pre-kushana period (IBPS PO 2012) |
| Choices  Codes   1. Both the statements are true and Statements II is the correct explanation of statement I 2. Both the statements are true and Statements II is not the correct explanation of statement I 3. Statement I is true, but Statement II is false. 4. Statement I is false, but Statement II is true. | | | |

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| Book No  61. | Q.No  19. | Actual Answer  D. | Question  Which of the following is not a work of Kalidasa? |
| Choices   1. Ritusamhara 2. Meghaduta 3. Kumarasambhava 4. Dashakumaracharita | | | |

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| Book No  108. | Q.No  20. | Actual Answer  B. | Question  The rare work on architecture Samarangan Sutradhara was written by |
| Choices   1. Jayasimha Siddharaja 2. Bhoja Paramara 3. Mihirabhoja 4. Peddana | | | |

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| Book No  95. | Q.No  21. | Actual Answer  A. | Question  The Royal writs of land grants during the post Gupta period were Known as |
| Choices   1. Sasanapatra 2. Jayapatra 3. Ajnapatra 4. Prasadapatra | | | |

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| Book No  96. | Q.No  22. | Actual Answer  C. | Question  The Vaishyas came to join the fold of the peasantry in the post Gupta period on account of |
| Choices   1. restriction on free trade 2. localization of economy 3. decline of trade and commerce 4. decline of money economy | | | |

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| Book No  97. | Q.No  23. | Actual Answer  D. | Question  Which one of the following is not correct about the varna/caste system in the Gupta Age? |
| Choices   1. The gradual elevation in the social position of the shudras 2. The gradual decline in the social position of the vaishyas 3. The antyajas lived outside the area inhabited by the upper-caste peoples 4. Caste/varna mobility is not known | | | |

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| Book No  98. | Q.No  24. | Actual Answer  B. | Question  Which one of the following is not a play written by Kalidas? |
| Choices   1. Malavikagnimitra 2. Darida Chaurdatta 3. Vikramorvashiya 4. Abhijnanshakuntala | | | |

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| Book No  99. | Q.No  25. | Actual Answer  C. | Question  Consider the following statements  1. The Samanad hoard has yielded coins of Gupta King Kumargupta I only.  2. The Bayana hoard of coins have yielded coins of the Gupta dynastry on a whole  Which one of the statements given above is/are correct? |
| Choices   1. Only 1 2. Only 2 3. Both 1 and 2 4. Neither 1 nor 2 | | | |

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| Book No  101. | Q.No  26. | Actual Answer  D. | Question  Which of the following rules was adorned with the title of “Maharadhiraja” (King of Kings) |
| Choices   1. Chandragupta Maurya 2. Kanishka 3. Chandragupta I 4. Ashoka | | | |

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| Book No  102. | Q.No  27. | Actual Answer  A. | Question  Who among the following is credited with the invention of Algebra? |
| Choices   1. Aryabhatta 2. Bhaskara 3. Apastamba 4. Medhatithi | | | |

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| Book No  103. | Q.No  28. | Actual Answer  D. | Question  Which one of the following rules defeated the Huna ruler, Mihira Kula? |
| Choices   1. Skanda Gupta 2. Buddha Gupta 3. Narasimha Gupta 4. Yasodharman | | | |

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| Book No  104. | Q.No  29. | Actual Answer  C. | Question  Which one amongst the following is the oldest dynasty? |
| Choices   1. Pallava Dynasty 2. Chola Dynasty 3. Maurya Dynasty 4. Gupta Dynasty | | | |

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| Book No  105. | Q.No  30. | Actual Answer  A. | Question  The largest grant of villages to temples and Brahmans was given by the ruling dynasty known as? |
| Choices   1. The Guptas 2. The Palas 3. Rashtrakutas 4. Pratiharas | | | |